

# Operating & Maintenance Manual

# **Recirculating Fume Cupboard**

FC65A / FC85A / FC105A

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### **Warning**

This system must be used in compliance with these instructions and any repairs or maintenance carried out by qualified personnel.

For parts or service information please contact LabHub on +44 (0) 845 094 0951

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This manual is intended to provide information about the product.

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#### **DESCRIPTION**

The LabHub range of recirculating fume cabinets have been designed to provide operator and environmental protection.

The cabinets operate with an inflow air velocity of greater than 0.5 metres per second through the working aperture to provide operator protection.

The standard FC65A, FC85A and FC105A units have a two-stage filter system. The contaminated air is passed through an electro-statically charged pre-filter to remove coarse particulate, then through a deep bed activated carbon main filter to remove chemical contaminates. The clean air is re-circulated back into the room.

When installed correctly the cabinets comply fully with international standards including BS7989: 2001 for filtration fume cupboards.

The cabinets must be positioned and used on a bench. An optional polypropylene spillage tray can be supplied if required.

As standard the cabinets are fitted with an Activated Carbon filter. Labhub offer a choice of filter types which are suitable for use with a wide range of pollutants including hydrocarbons. Activated carbon can be impregnated with chemicals to neutralise many types of contaminants. See 'Filter Selection' in Section 3 for further information.

If the cabinet is to be used to contain particulates, a 99.997% eff. @ 0.3 micron particle size HEPA main filter must be fitted instead of the activated carbon filter. Please contact LabHub for further information.

The option is also available to fit secondary carbon or HEPA exhaust filters if required. This permits a combination of fume and particulate filtration.



LabHub FC65A fitted with optional carbon safety filter and optional spillage tray

S	PECIFI	CATIO	N S	
Madalal	LabHub	LabHub	LabHub	
Model	FC65A	FC85A	FC105A	
		nensions		
	650mm wide 850mm wide 1050mm wide			
External	570mm deep	570mm deep	570mm deep	
	1100mm high	1100mm high	1100mm high	
	610mm wide	810mm wide	1010mm wide	
Internal	530mm deep	530mm deep	530mm deep	
	750mm high	750mm high	750mm high	
Aperture	425mm wide (mid) 300mm high	525mm wide (mid) 300mm high	625mm wide (mid) 300mm high	
	W	eights		
Packed	60 kg	65 kg	70kg	
	Α	irflow		
Face	0.55 /	0.55	0.55 /	
velocity	> 0.55m / second	> 0.55m / second	> 0.55m / second	
Air volume	250m³ / hour	310m³ / hour	370m³ / hour	
7111 70141110		ectrical		
Dawar	230V, 50 Hz,	230V, 50 Hz,	230V, 50 Hz,	
Power	< 80 watts	< 80 watts	< 80 watts	
Lighting	> 800 Lux	> 800 Lux	> 800 Lux	
Lighting	(600mm LED X1)	(600mm LED X1)	(900mm LED X 1)	
Fan	Centrifugal digital low noise, low energy	Centrifugal digital low noise, low energy	Centrifugal digital low noise, low energy	
Controls	Mains on/off switch	Mains on/off switch	Mains on/off switch	
Controls			Mains On/On Switch	
	Visual and audible	ing systems Visual and audible	Visual and audible	
Airflow	low airflow alarm	low airflow alarm	low airflow alarm	
		loise		
Front @ 1m	< 60 d (B) A	< 60 d (B) A	< 60 d (B) A	
Tronc & IIII	` '		( 00 tr ( D) 11	
Filters ( for full details of available filters, refer to Section 3 )				
		Electrostatic	Electrostatic	
Pre-filter	95% @ 0.5µ particles	95% @ 0.5µ particles	95% @ 0.5µ particles	
Main filter	12kg carbon	14kg carbon	16kg carbon	
options	or HEPA 99.997%	or HEPA 99.997%	or HEPA 99.997%	
•	@ 0.3µ particles None, 4kg safety	@ 0.3µ particles None, 5kg safety	@ 0.3µ particles None, 6kg safety	
Exhaust	carbon or	carbon or	carbon or	
options	safety HEPA	safety HEPA	safety HEPA	
		struction		
Filtration	Epoxy painted	Epoxy painted	Epoxy painted	
head	corrosion resistant	corrosion resistant	corrosion resistant	
	zinc coated steel Clear acrylic all round	zinc coated steel Clear acrylic all round	zinc coated steel Clear acrylic all round	
Enclosure	Epoxy painted zinc	Epoxy painted zinc	Epoxy painted zinc	
	coated steel frame	coated steel frame	coated steel frame	
Optional	Chemically inert	Chemically inert	Chemically inert	
Spillage tray	fully welded white	fully welded white	fully welded white	
Spinage tray	polypropylene	polypropylene	polypropylene	

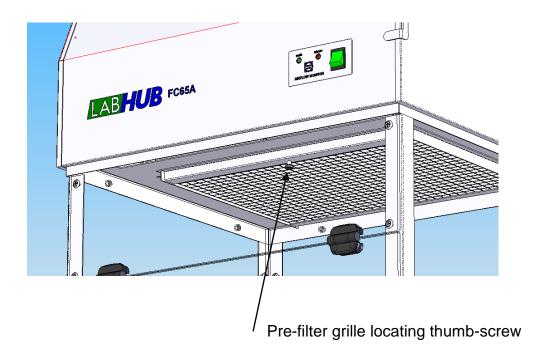
#### **INSTALLATION**

- The cabinet should be sited in a draught free position
- The cabinet is re-circulating and requires no connection to ductwork
- The cabinet is supplied with the main filter fitted.
- Check the pre-filter is in place by unscrewing the thumbscrew on the underside of the filtration head at the front, which will allow the pre-filter locating grille to be moved back and down giving access to the pre-filter.
- Connect the cabinet to a 13A outlet socket.

#### **TESTING / COMMISSIONING**

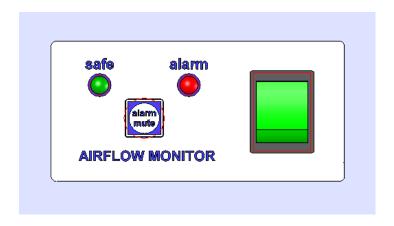
An airflow test certificate will be supplied for conformity to CE marking, and electrical test.

THE CABINET MUST BE TESTED EVERY 14 MONTHS TO COMPLY WITH C.O.S.H.H REGULATIONS.



#### **OPERATION**

The cabinet is started using the illuminated rocker switch on the control panel.



**On/off switch and Airflow Monitor Control panel** 

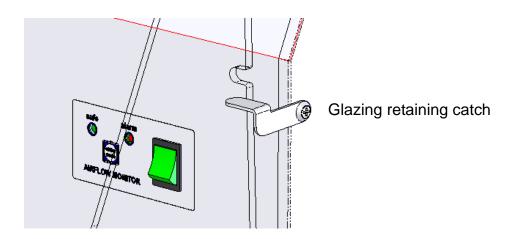
The inflow air velocity at the working aperture is continuously monitored by the airflow monitoring system.

When the airflow velocity into the aperture is normal, the green 'safe' indicator will be illuminated.

If the airflow drops below a safe level, the 'safe' indicator will go off, there will be an audible alarm and the red 'alarm' indicator will flash on the control panel. If this occurs, the most likely cause will be that the pre-filter has become blocked with particulate and will need to be replaced (refer to Section 3 for procedure)

The cabinet should be used with the hinged front glazing in the down position, and secured with the two black thumb-screws

The glazing may be raised to load equipment into the fume enclosure. A glazing retaining catch is provided at the right end to hold glazing temporarily for this purpose.



#### **FILTERS**

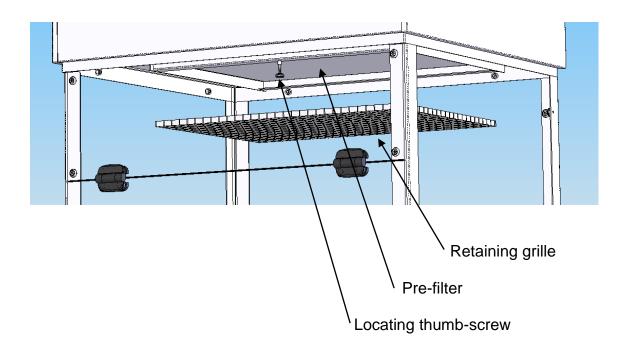
Filters concentrate dust, pollutants etc Care must be taken when changing filters.

IMPORTANT: Personal Protective Equipment must be worn when changing filters including gloves and particulate facemask.

## **CHANGING THE PRE-FILTER**

This may be carried out with the cabinet running to provide additional protection to the operator.

 The pre-filter is accessed by unscrewing the black thumb-screw on the underside of the filtration head just behind the light panel. This will allow the white plastic pre-filter locating grille to be moved towards the back, down and removed, giving access to the pre-filter.



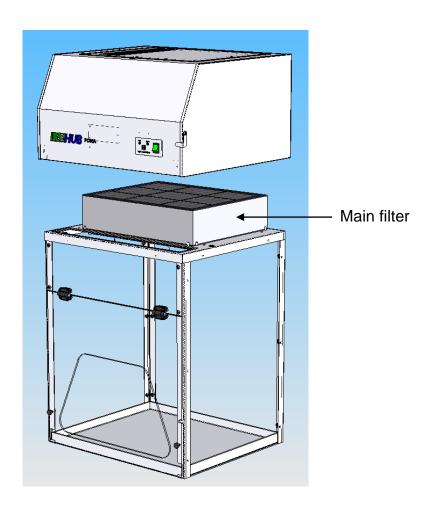
#### CHANGING THE MAIN CARBON FILTER

# Check filters to be fitted are the correct grade for intended use. Contact LabHub for information if required

- The cabinet should be turned off whilst changing the main carbon filter and the mains cable un-plugged.
- Remove the pre-filter (see pre-filter changing procedure).
- From inside the fume enclosure, remove the four M6 screws positioned two each side of the filter opening. This will release the filtration head from the fume enclosure.
- Lift the filtration head off the fume enclosure to expose the carbon filter.
- Remove the filter and seal in a marked bag for disposal.
- Fit the new filter, checking the seals are in place and undamaged.
- Re-assemble the cabinet.

#### **CHANGING THE MAIN HEPA FILTER**

- Carry out safety hazard assessment for safe changing.
- Follow the procedure for changing carbon filters taking extra care with operator protection. (a dropped filter can release particulate).
- Dispose of filter as hazardous waste.



#### CHANGING THE OPTIONAL EXHAUST FILTER (CARBON or HEPA)

- The optional exhaust filter is positioned on the top of the cabinet, and may be released by removing the eight screws around the clamp frame (do not remove the four screws in the main cabinet (visible through holes in the frame)
- Similar safety precautions should be observed as main filter changing
- Remove the filter and seal in a marked bag for disposal.

#### FILTER SELECTION

It is most important that filters fitted are correct for the particular application

A guide to filter selection is as follows :-

#### **PARTICULATES – HEPA FILTERS**

LabHub HEPA filters are 99.997% efficient for particulates greater than 0.3 microns. Typical applications – Asbestos / powders

#### **GASEOUS FUMES - ACTIVATED CARBON FILTERS**

Standard activated carbon is suitable for a wide range of pollutants including hydrocarbons. Activated carbon can be impregnated with various chemicals to produce a range of filter types capable of neutralizing other contaminants. LabHub Carbon Filters are available in the types listed below, which offer improved efficiency and extended filter life.

Filter Type	Application	Typical Chemicals
AC (Activated Carbon)	Hydrocarbons	Alcohols, Hydrocarbons,
AC (Activated Carbon)	Hydrocarboris	General use
ACID	Acid gasses	So <sub>2</sub> , HCL, H <sub>2</sub> So <sub>4</sub>
AMM	Ammonia	NH3, NH4
CYN	Cyanide compounds	
ETHER	Ethers	
FORM	Aldehydes	Formalin Glutaraldehyde
SCHOOLS	Educational, Animal	SO <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> , BR <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> S,
3CHOOLS	odours	NH <sub>3</sub> , CCL <sub>4</sub> , hydrocarbons
SUL	Sulphur compounds	H <sub>2</sub> S, mercaptans

- All types of activated carbon have general use capability for hydrocarbons.
- Other types are available for applications not listed above.

Filters can be manufactured in layers suitable for more than one application.

FILTER PART NUMBERS			
Model	LabHub	LabHub	LabHub
	FC65A	FC85A	FC105A
	Pre-filter	(pack of 10)	
-	K-PF0109	K-PF0110	K-PF0111
	Main ca	rbon filters	
AC	K-CF0143	K-CF0080	K-CF0270
ACID	K-CF0144	K-CF0081	K-CF0271
AMM	K-CF0147	K-CF0084	K-CF0274
CYN	K-CF0148	K-CF0085	K-CF0275
ETHER	K-CF0149	K-CF0086	K-CF0276
FORM	K-CF0150	K-CF0087	K-CF0277
MCH (special blend)	K-CF0151	K-CF0088	K-CF0278
SCHOOLS	K-CF0152	K-CF0090	K-CF0279
SUL	K-CF0153	K-CF0091	K-CF0280
	Main H	EPA filter	
-	K-HF0048	K-HF0018	K-HF0173
	Exhaust safe	ty carbon filters	
AC	K-CF0281	K-CF0292	K-CF0303
ACID	K-CF0282	K-CF0293	K-CF0304
AMM	K-CF0285	K-CF0296	K-CF0307
CYN	K-CF0286	K-CF0297	K-CF0308
ETHER	K-CF0287	K-CF0298	K-CF0309
FORM	K-CF0288	K-CF0299	K-CF0310
MCH (special blend)	K-CF0289	K-CF0300	K-CF0311
SCHOOLS	K-CF0290	K-CF0301	K-CF0312
SUL	K-CF0291	K-CF0302	K-CF0313
Exhaust safety HEPA filter			
-	K-HF0167	K-HF0168	K-HF0169

# All filter types available from LabHub

To determine correct filter type please contact LabHub with details of your application, volumes, concentrations and temperatures etc.

#### **MAXIMISING FILTER LIFE**

- Handle minimum volumes of chemicals
- Minimise surface area of exposed chemicals to reduce evaporation rates
- Cover containers as far as practical
- Do not boil off large volumes of chemicals
- Minimise use of heat
- Acids should be at room temperature and covered as far as practical

#### **CARBON FILTER EFFICIENCIES**

Typical filter efficiencies are >99% and this efficiency is maintained for most of the filter life.

Filters should be changed when efficiency has reduced to below 90%.

#### **ABSORPTION CAPACITIES**

LabHub cabinets are fitted with very large capacity filters, with a typical value of >30% for hydrocarbons.

The cabinet main filter has the following nominal absorption capacities:

The given weight is approximate to standard activated carbon. Impregnated carbons have higher densities and will increase filter weight.

Model	LabHub FC65A	LabHub FC85A	LabHub FC105A
Carbon Weight	1 X 12kg	1 X 14kg	1 X 16kg
Hydrocarbon capacity at 30% absorption	3.6kg	4.2kg	4.8kg

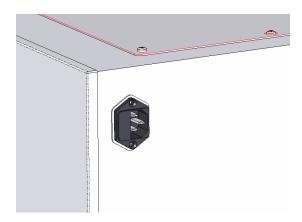
Contact LabHub for absorption capacities for different applications.

#### **MAINTENANCE**

The cabinet should be isolated from the electricity supply before carrying out any maintenance procedures.

#### **FUSES**

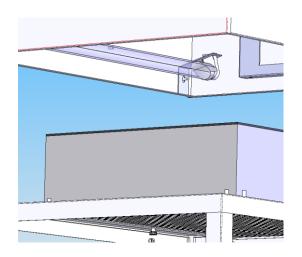
The two Type T main fuses are located in the mains inlet socket on the back of the cabinet. To access these, remove the mains lead and pull the tap using a small screwdriver.



Always replace fuses with the correct type and rating.

#### **LIGHTING**

The cabinet is fitted with a long life low energy 12V LED tube If access is required, the filtration head will need to be removed from the fume enclosure. The tube is removed by rotating it in the lamp-holders, in the same way as a fluorescent tube. Replacement LED tubes are available from LabHub. Refer to main filter changing instructions for head removal procedure.

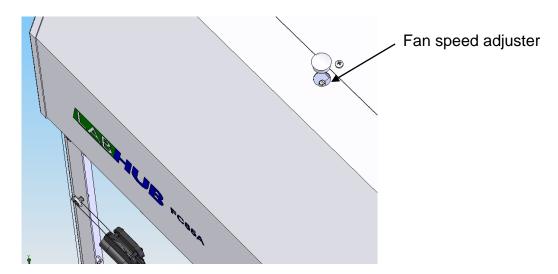


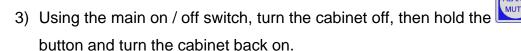
#### CALIBRATION OF THE LOW AIRFLOW ALARM

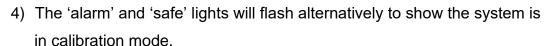
This requires the use of a calibrated Ø100mm rotating vane anemometer and should be carried out by a trained service engineer.

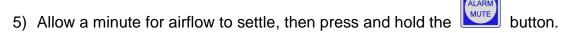
#### Calibration should be carried out in a draught-free environment.

- 1) Place the rotating vane of the anemometer, supported by a laboratory stand, in the centre of the aperture.
- 2) Remove the plastic hole-plug from the top of the filtration head to gain access to the fan speed control potentiometer inside. Using a cross-head screwdriver, rotate the potentiometer to reduce the fan speed to achieve an aperture face velocity of 0.35m/sec.









- 6) The alarm system will beep three times to show that calibration is in progress and the alarm set point has been recorded.
- 7) Reset the fan speed to achieve a face velocity of 0.55m/sec.
- 8) Check operation of the low airflow alarm by slightly raising the lower glazing panel. The alarm should sound when the panel is raised and stop when the panel is lowered to the normal working position.

#### **SERVICING**

An annual service is recommended and testing is mandatory under C.O.S.H.H regulations and will include the following points:

- Check / replace pre-filter
- Check and record face velocity readings
- Check airflow monitor and re-calibrate if necessary
- Check condition of glazing, hinges etc.
- Inspect electrical components, lighting, cables etc.
- Issue test report and airflow certificate.

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